Information Concerning Erin's Law Cullman County Schools

Cullman County Schools

402 Arnold Street, N.E. P.O. Box 1590 Unllman, Alabama 35056-1590

MR. SHANE BARNETTE SUPERINTENDENT

Telephone 256-734-2933 Fax 256-736-2402

September 16, 2016

Dear Parents and Guardians,

Governor Robert Bentley signed Erin's Law (Act 2014-456) in June 2015. This law requires that all public schools in Alabama establish a child sexual abuse prevention and instructional program for students in Grades PreK-12. This program is required to have lessons that are developmental and age appropriate in avoiding and recognizing abuse. In accordance with this law, our school system, like all of those in Alabama must comply. Please feel free to speak to the principal and/or counselor at your child's school with any questions or concerns you may have regarding this issue.

Sincerely,

Shane Barnette

Cullman County Schools Superintendent

1	нв197
2	164817-1
3	By Representative Collins
4	RFD: Education Policy
5	First Read: 10-MAR-15

6

1	164817-1:n:02/23/2015:MCS/mfc LRS2015-674
2	
3	
4	
5	
6	
7	
8	SYNOPSIS: Currently, there is no particular K-12
9	curriculum to educate students on sexual assault
10	and abuse. This bill would require such a
11	curriculum known as "Erin's Law".
12	
13	A BILL
14	· TO BE ENTITLED
15	AN ACT
16	
17.	To adopt "Erin's Law" in Alabama: to adopt
18	guidelines for K-12 instructional courses on how to recognize
19	and avoid child sexual abuse and to provide for an age
20	appropriate curriculum in public schools on avoiding child
21	sexual abuse.
22	BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF ALABAMA:
23.	Section 1. (a) The Legislature recognizes that Erin
24	Merryn was raped and molested for six and a half years by a
25	neighbor and a family member. She began a crusade her senior
26	year of high school in 2004 to end the silence and shame

around sexual abuse. Erin's Law has been adopted in a number of states to help address the problem of child sexual abuse.

- (b) The intent of Erin's Law is to shatter the silence and stigma around child sexual abuse, and to educate children and empower them to recognize and to report abuse.
- (c) The Legislature finds that without a specific initiative like Erin's Law, schools generally fail to give young students adequate awareness and a voice in this issue.
- Section 2. (a) The State Board of Education shall adopt guidelines for a child sexual abuse prevention instructional program. The guidelines shall:
- (1) Educate children in grades pre-kindergarten through 12 in public schools on child sexual abuse prevention through age appropriate curriculum through role plays, discussions, activities, and books.
- (2) Give children the knowledge and encouragement to speak up and tell if anyone has ever touched them inappropriately, rather than keep it a secret.
- (3) Educate children on safe touch, unsafe touch, safe secrets, and unsafe secrets, and how to get away from an abuser and report an incident immediately.
- (b) All K-12 public schools shall establish a child sexual abuse prevention instructional program for students in grades consistent with subsection (a). The content of instruction shall be at the discretion of the local board; provided that at minimum, the instruction shall include each of the following:

1 (1) Techniques to teach children to recognize child 2 sexual abuse, equip them with skills to reduce their 3 vulnerability, and encourage them to report the abuse. 4 (2) At least four sessions of instruction to 5 reinforce the concepts learned in the program. 6 (3) Sessions conducted at least annually, building 7 on skills learned in the previous years. 8 (4) Developmentally appropriate instruction for each 9 grade level. 10 (5) Involvement of students as active learning participants, and include discussions, modeling, and role 11 12 playing. 13 (6) A capacity to be delivered by a wide range of personnel and professionals, including teachers, school 14 15 counselors, outside agency prevention educators, and the like; 16 provided that the personnel and professionals should have a 17 thorough knowledge of child sexual abuse, including how to respond appropriately to child sexual abuse disclosures. 18 19 (7) An evaluation component with measurable 20 outcomes. 21 (8) Instruction that is culturally sensitive and 22 adaptable for use within varying school contexts, including 23 age, race, and special needs. 24 (9) An evidence-based curriculum, to the extent

(10) A professional training component for administrators, teachers, and other school personnel on

25

26

27

possible.

talking to students about child sexual abuse prevention,
effects of child sexual abuse on children, handling of child
sexual abuse disclosures, and mandated reporting.

(11) A component that encourages parental involvement within the child sexual abuse prevention program. This component shall inform parents about child sexual abuse topics, including characteristics of offenders, grooming behaviors, and how to discuss this topic with children.

Section 3. This act shall take effect on July 1, 2015.